

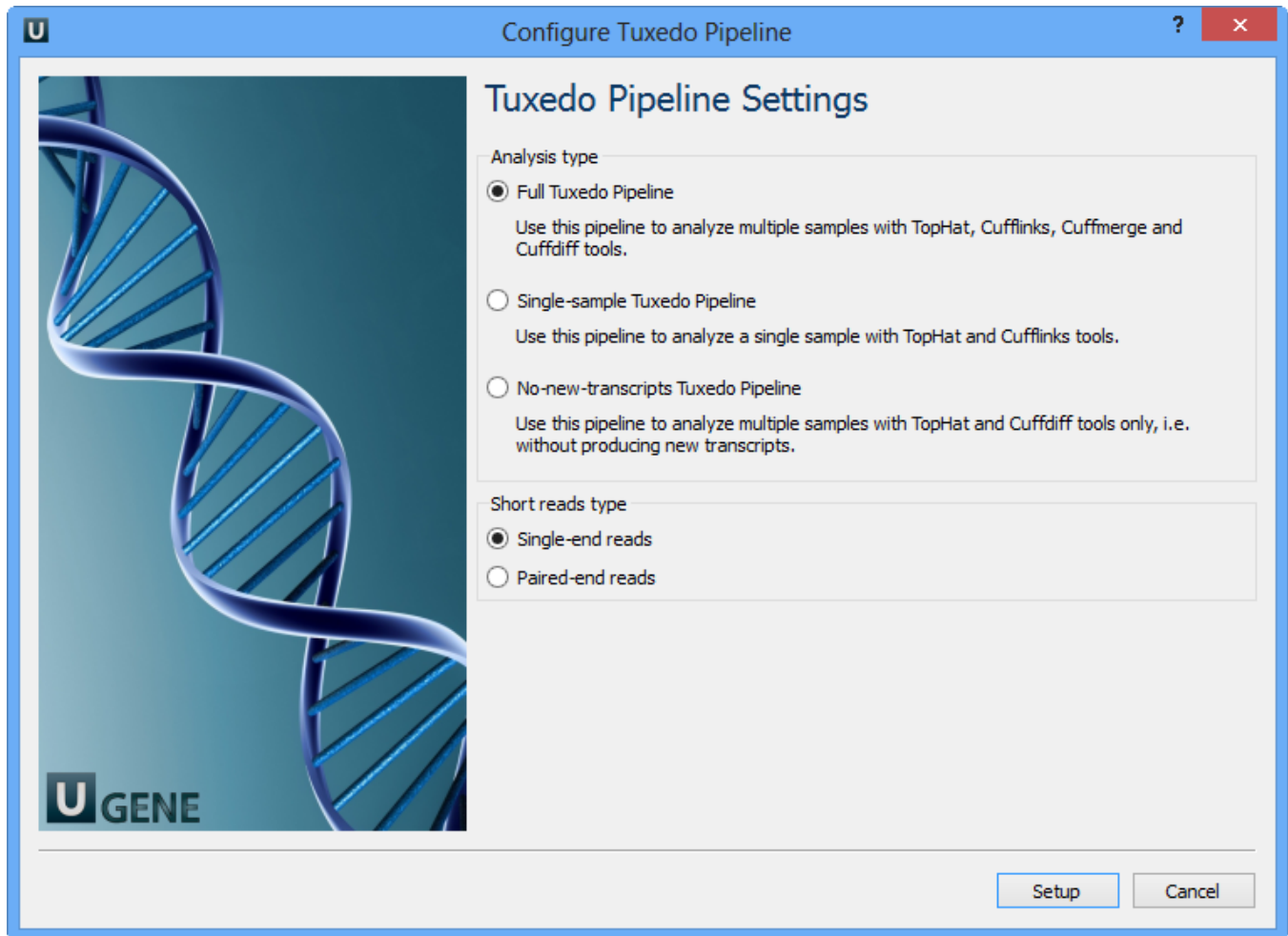
RNA-seq Analysis with Tuxedo Tools

The RNA-seq pipeline “Tuxedo” consists of the **TopHat** spliced read mapper, that internally uses **Bowtie** or **Bowtie 2** short read aligners, and several **Cufflinks** tools that allows one to assemble transcripts, estimate their abundances, and tests for differential expression and regulation in RNA-Seq samples.

Environment requirements:

- The pipeline is currently available on Linux and Mac OS X only.

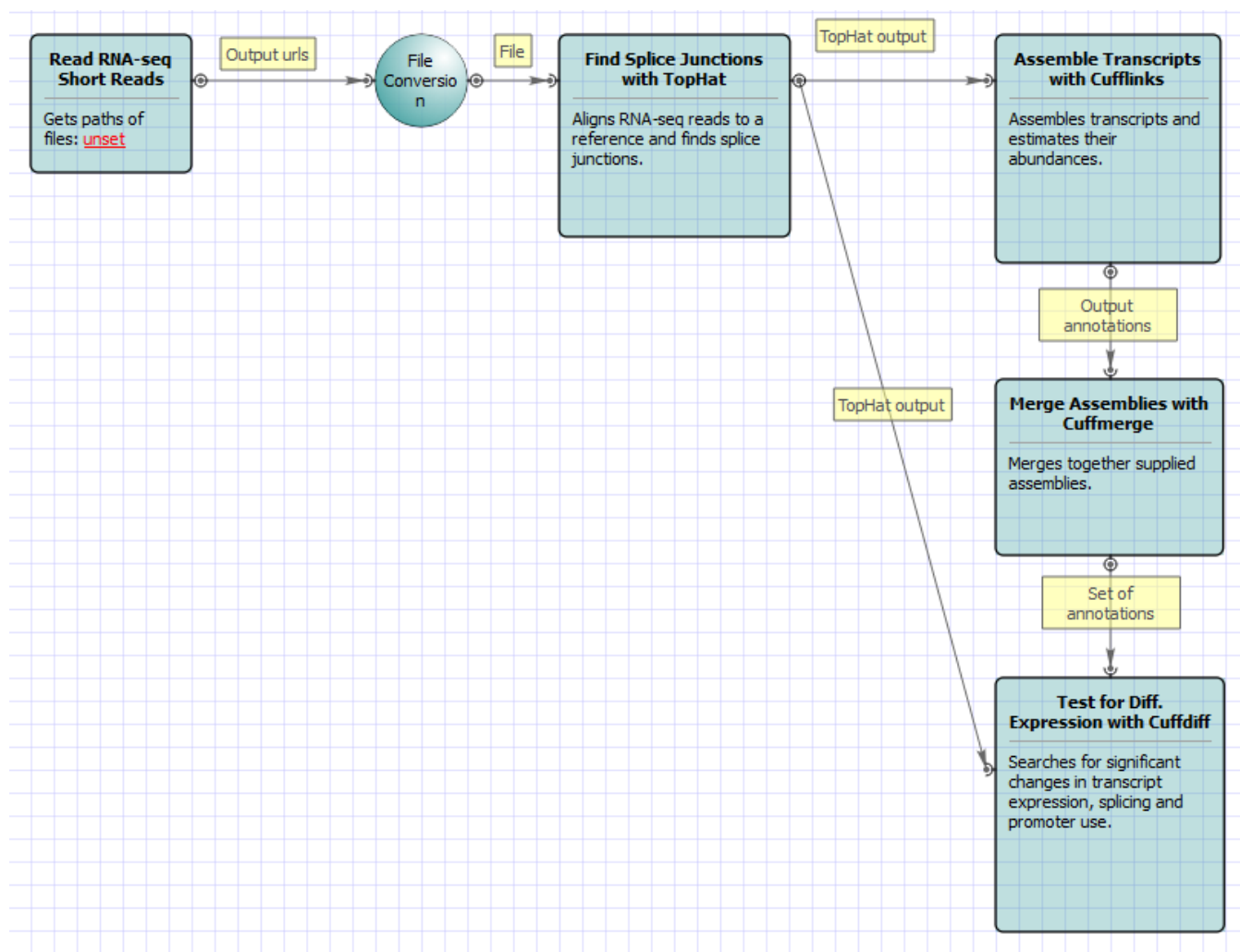
Select Samples tab on the Workflow Designer Palette and double-click on the “RNA-seq analysis with Tuxedo tools” sample. The following configure wizard appears:



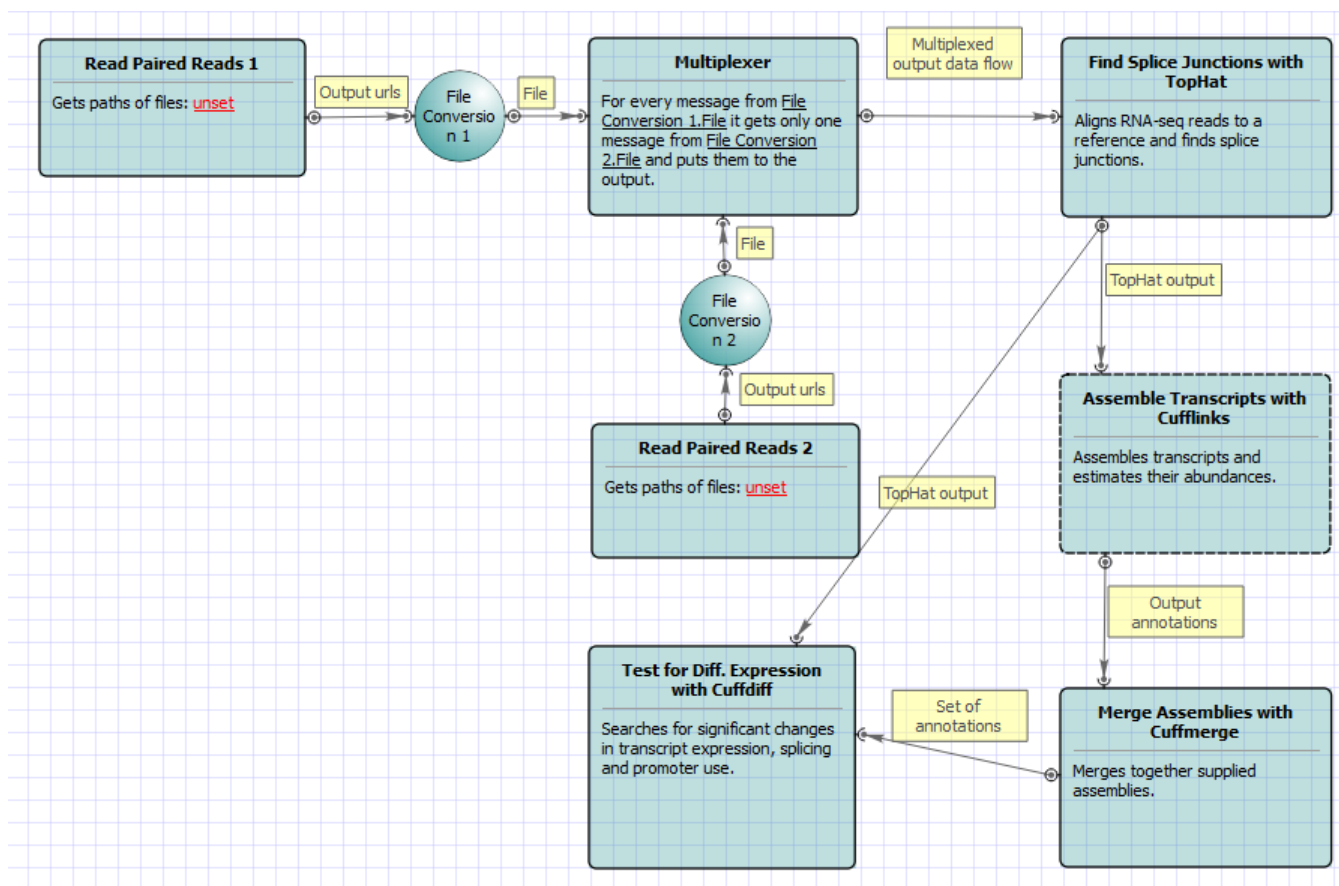
Here you need to choose analysis type and short reads type and click Setup. There are two short reads type: single-end and paired-end reads. For both of them there are three analysis type:

1. Full Tuxedo Pipeline - use this pipeline to analyze multiple samples with TopHat, Cufflinks, Cuffmerge and Cuffdiff tools.
2. Single-sample Tuxedo Pipeline - use this pipeline to analyze a single sample with TopHat and Cufflinks tools.
3. No-new-transcripts Tuxedo Pipeline - use this pipeline to analyze multiple samples with TopHat and Cuffdiff tools only, i.e. without producing new transcripts.

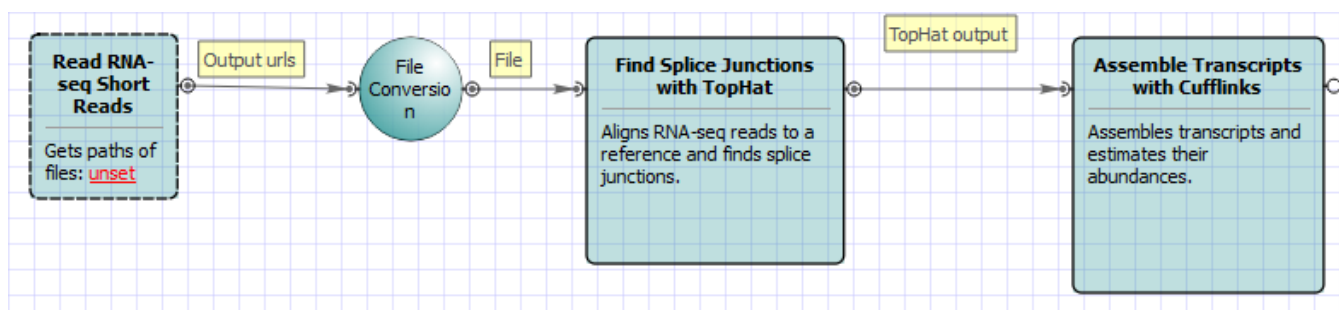
For **Full Tuxedo Pipeline** analysis type and **single-end reads** type the following workflow appears:



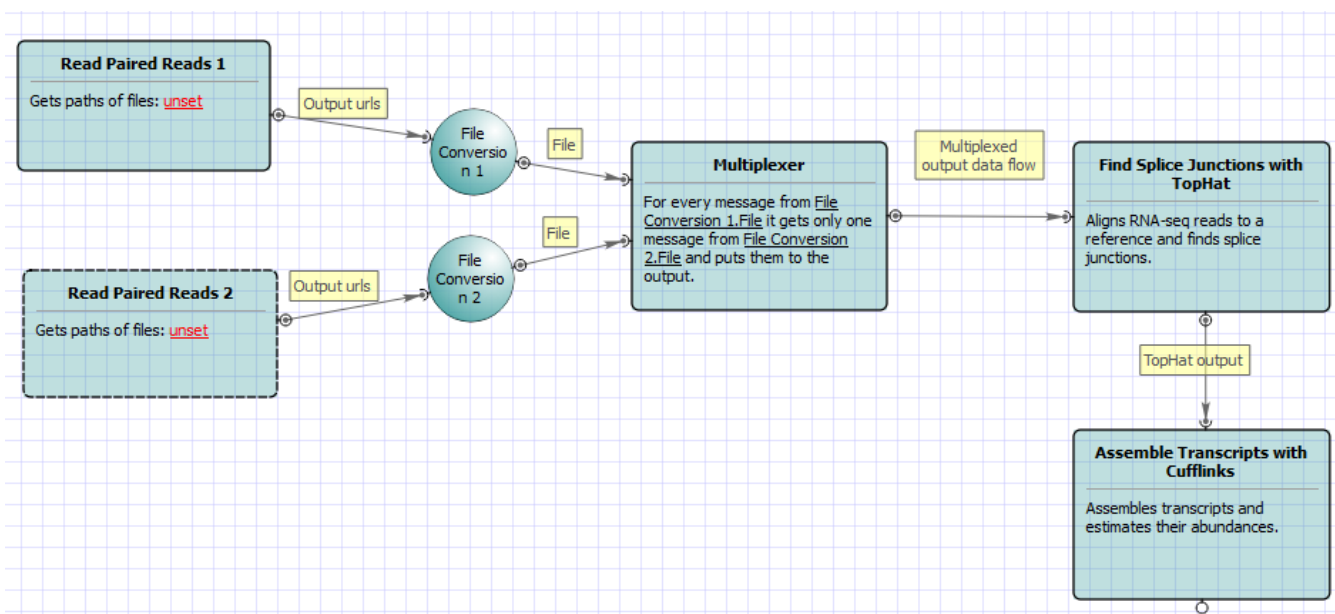
For **Full Tuxedo Pipeline** analysis type and **paired-end reads** type the following workflow appears:



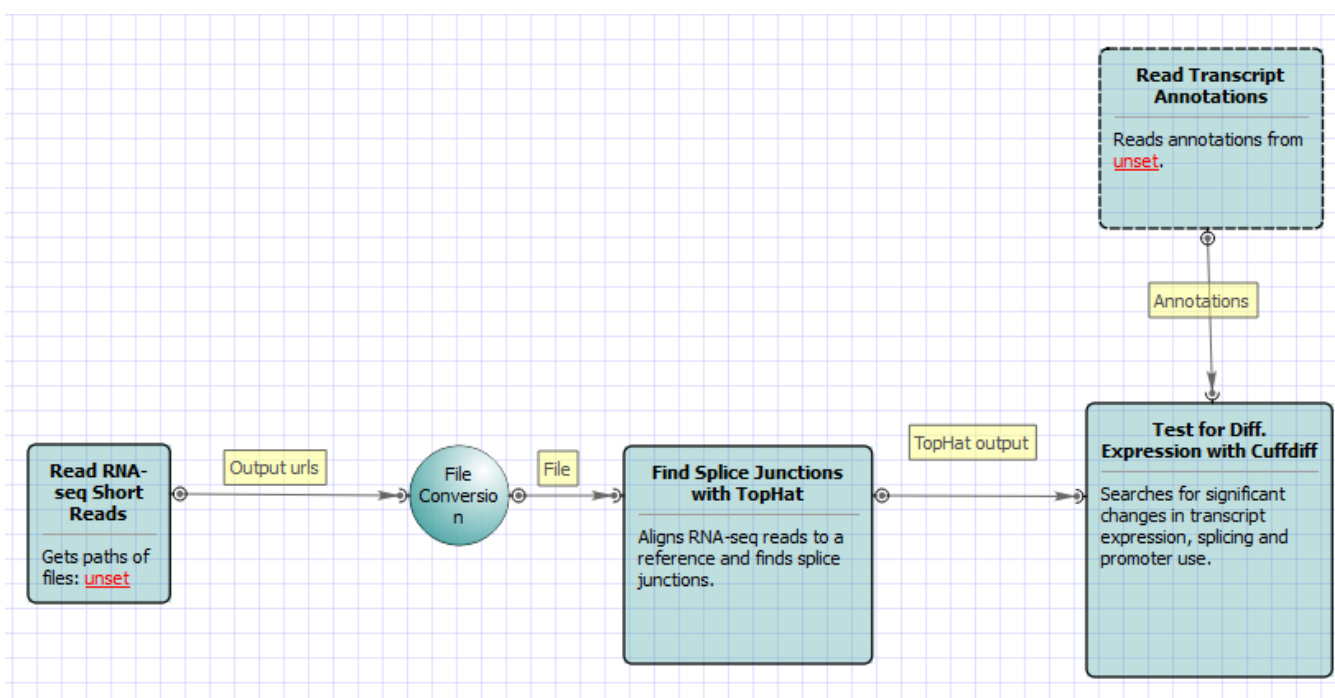
For **Single-sample Tuxedo Pipeline** analysis type and **single-end reads** type the following workflow appears:



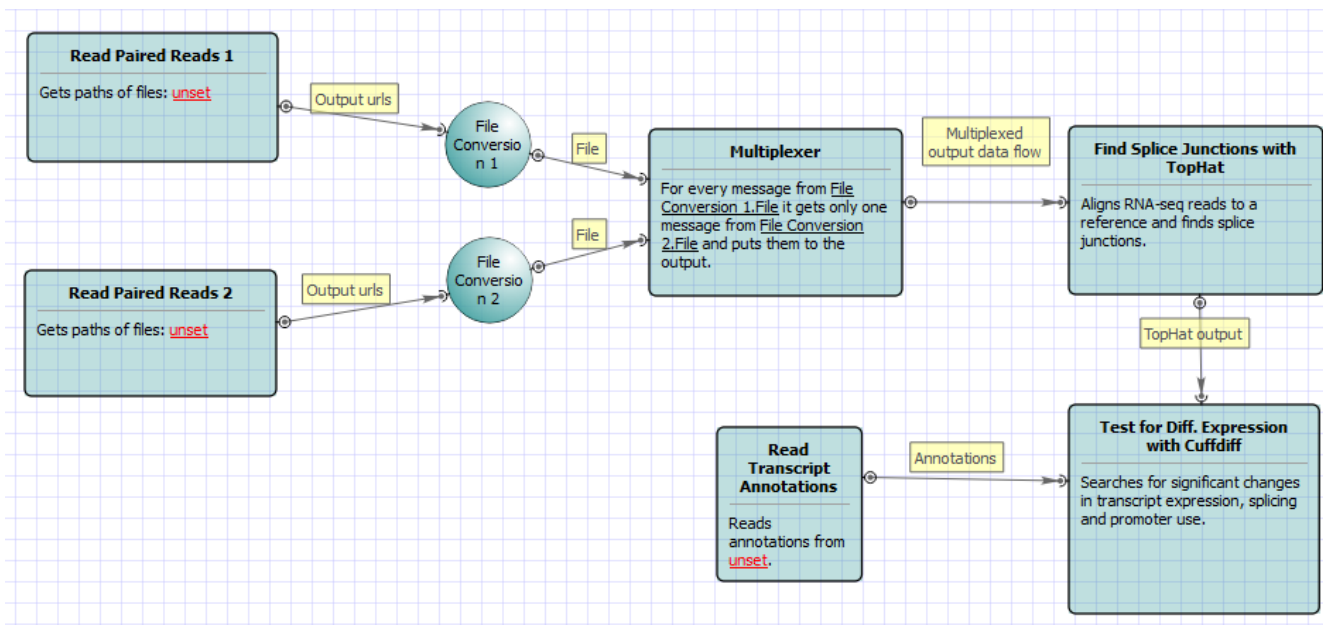
For **Single-sample Tuxedo Pipeline** analysis type and **paired-end reads** type the following workflow appears:



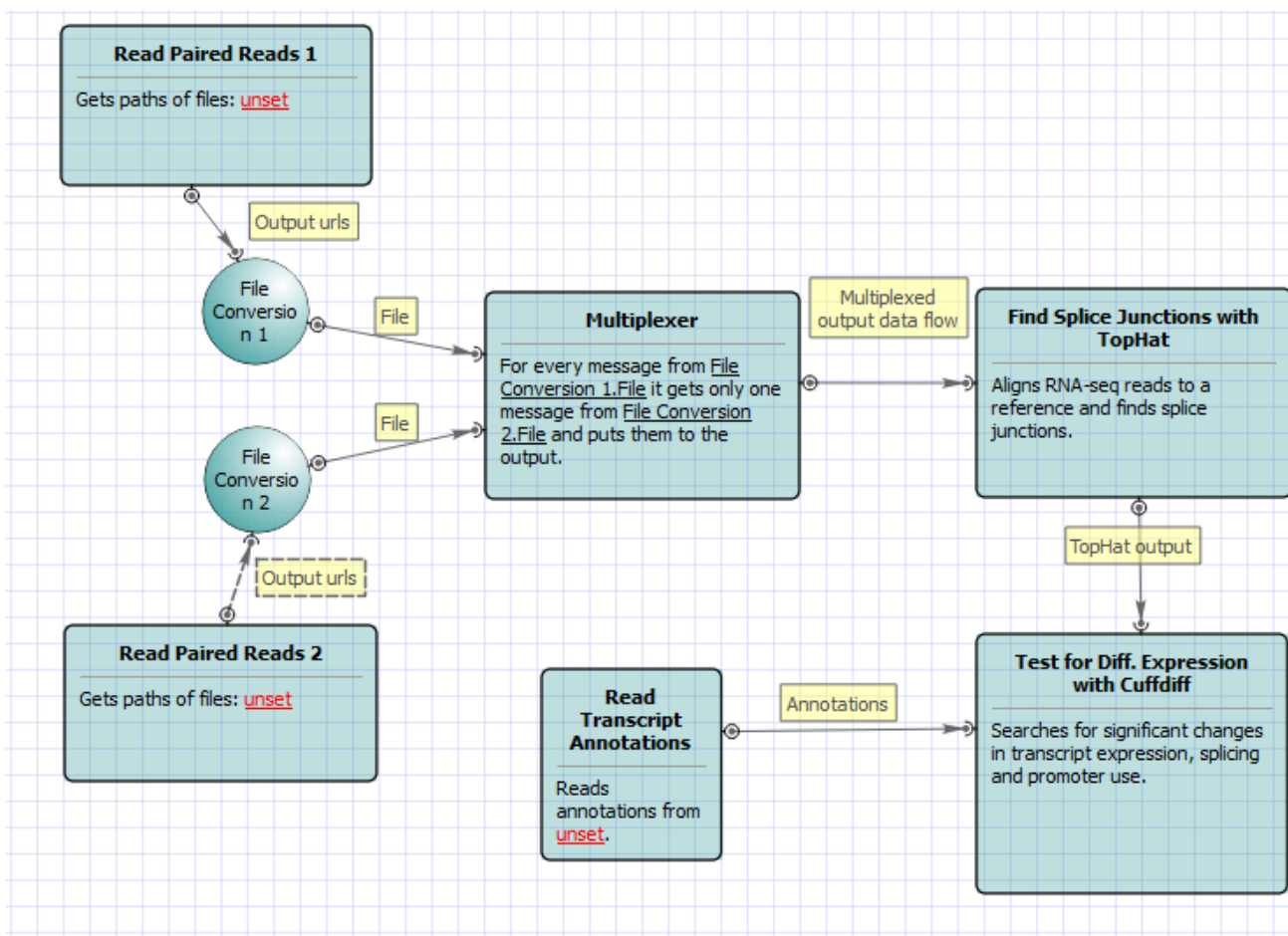
For No-new-transcripts Tuxedo Pipeline analysis type and single-end reads type the following workflow appears:



For No-new-transcripts Tuxedo Pipeline analysis type and paired-end reads type the following workflow appears:

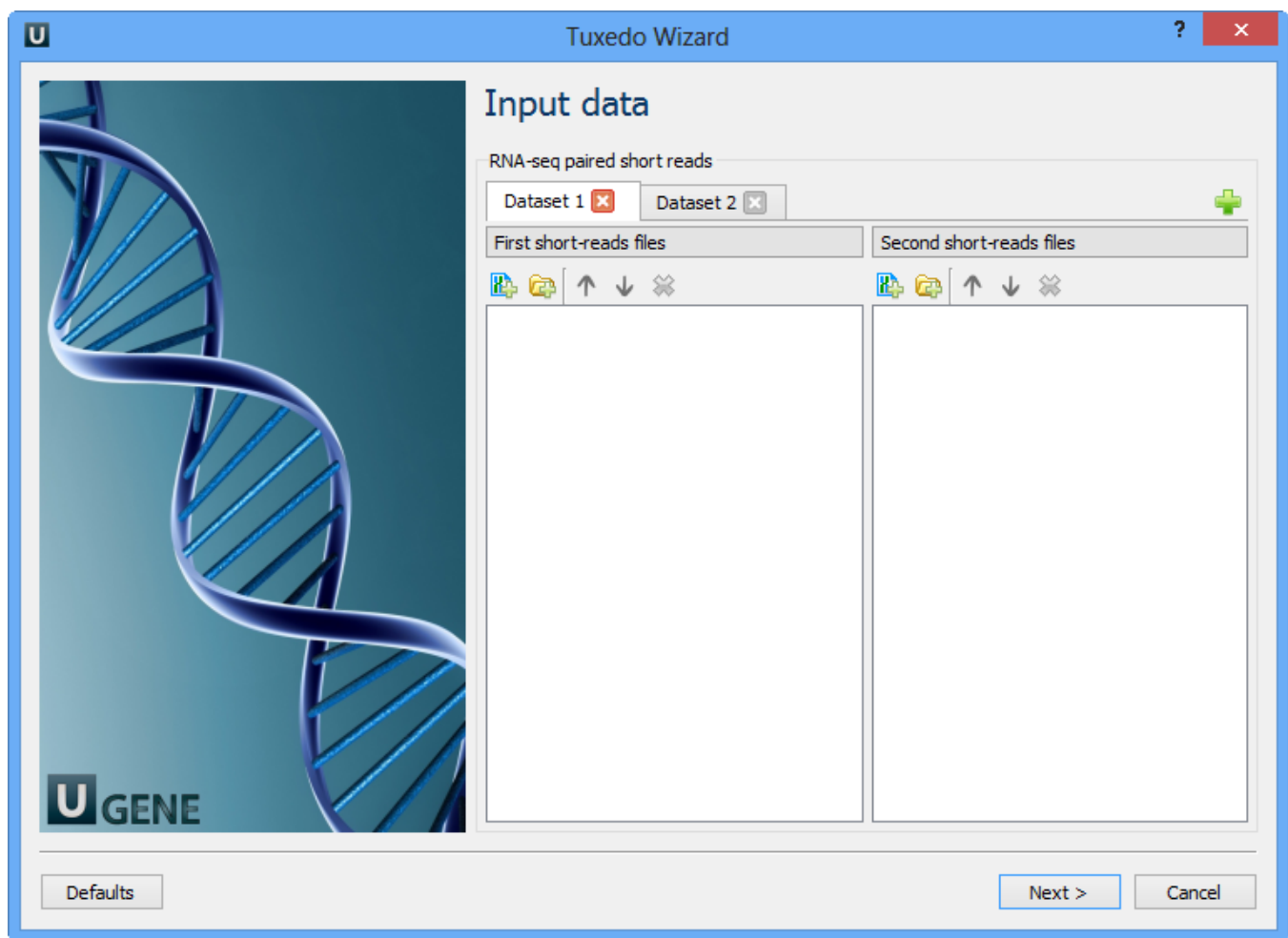


Use the workflow wizard to guide you through the parameters setup process. Click Show wizard button on the Workflow Designer toolbar to open it:



All of these workflows have the similar wizards. appears:

For **Full Tuxedo Pipeline** analysis type and **paired-end reads** type the fc



Here you need to input RNA-seq short reads in FASTA or FASTQ formats. Many datasets with different reads can be added. Click the Next button. The next page appears:

U Tuxedo Wizard ? x

Cuffdiff Samples

Divide the input datasets into samples for running Cuffdiff. There must be at least 2 samples. It is not necessary to have the same number of datasets (replicates) for each sample. The samples names will be used by Cuffdiff as labels, which will be included in various output files produced by Cuffdiff.

Sample1 x

Dataset 1

Sample2 x

Dataset 2

+

↑

↓

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Defaults < Back Next > Cancel

Here you need to divide the input datasets into samples for running Cuffdiff. There must be at least 2 samples. It is not necessary to have the same number of datasets (replicates) for each sample. The samples names will be used by Cuffdiff as labels, which will be included in various output files produced by Cuffdiff. Click the Next button. The next page appears:

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Tuxedo Wizard

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TopHat settings

TopHat input

Bowtie index directory

Required

Select bowtie index file

Bowtie index basename

Required

Bowtie version

Bowtie2

Parameters

Known transcript file

Raw junctions

Additional

Show additional parameters

+

Defaults

< Back

Next >

Cancel

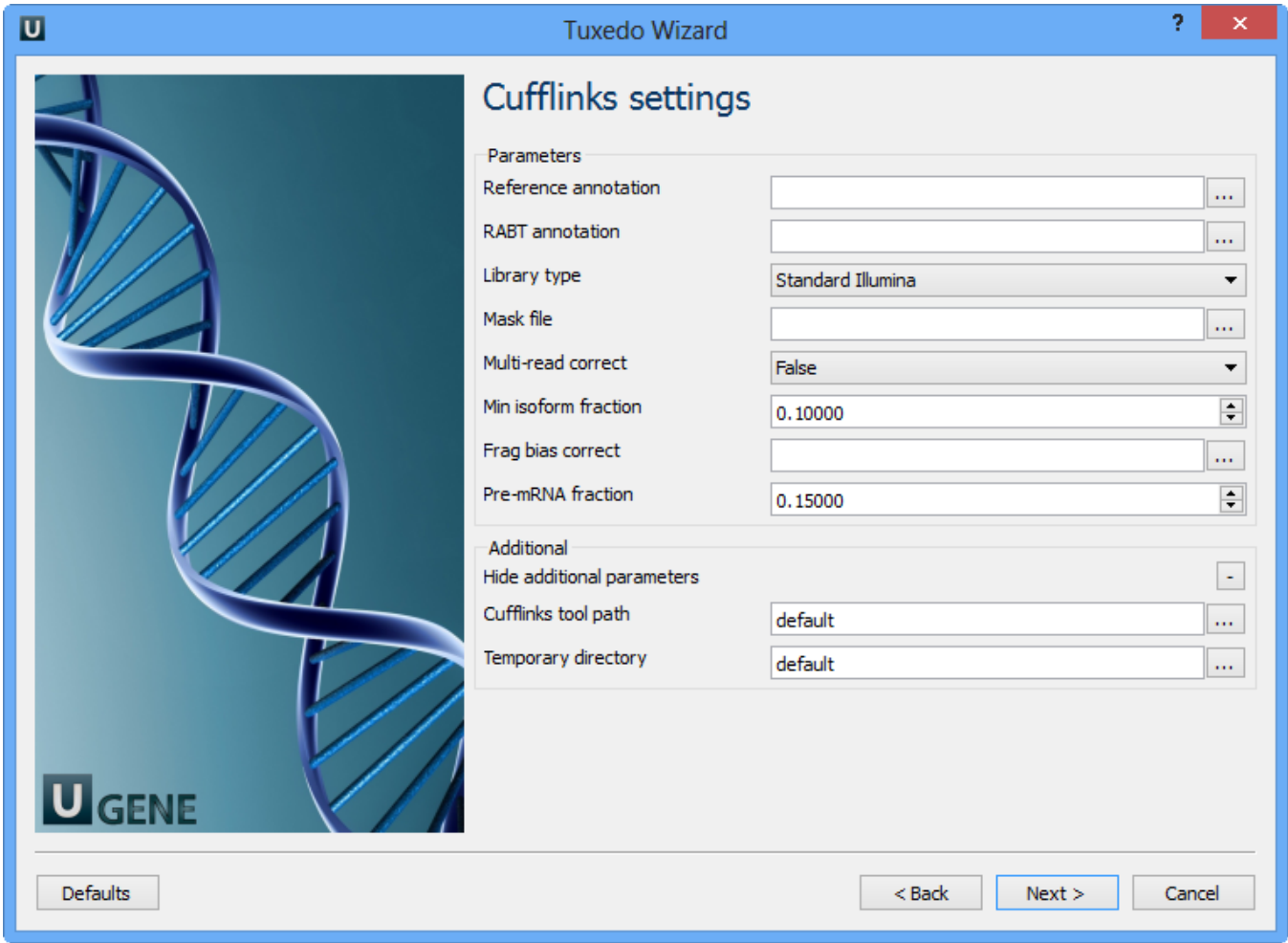
Here you can configure TopHat settings. To show additional parameters click on the + button. The following parameters are available:

Bowtie index directory	The directory with the Bowtie index for the reference sequence.
Bowtie index basename	The basename of the Bowtie index for the reference sequence.
Bowtie version	Specifies which Bowtie version should be used.
Known transcript file	A set of gene model annotations and/or known transcripts.
Raw junctions	The list of raw junctions.
Mate inner distance	Expected (mean) inner distance between mate pairs.

Mate stand ard deviat ion	Standard deviation for the distribution on inner distances between mate pairs.
Librar y type	Specifies RNA-seq protocol.
No novel juncti ons	Only look for reads across junctions indicated in the supplied GFF or junctions file. This parameter is ignored if Raw junctions or Known transcript file is not set.
Max multih ints	Instructs TopHat to allow up to this many alignments to the reference for a given read, and suppresses all alignments for reads with more than this many alignments.
Segm ent length	Each read is cut up into segments, each at least this long. These segments are mapped independently.
Fusio n search	Turn on fusion mapping.
Trans critom e max hits	Only align the reads to the transcriptome and report only those mappings as genomic mappings.
Prefilt er multih ints	When mapping reads on the transcriptome, some repetitive or low complexity reads that would be discarded in the context of the genome may appear to align to the transcript sequences and thus may end up reported as mapped to those genes only. This option directs TopHat to first align the reads to the whole genome in order to determine and exclude such multi-mapped reads (according to the value of the Max multihits option).
Min ancho r length	The anchor length. TopHat will report junctions spanned by reads with at least this many bases on each side of the junction. Note that individual spliced alignments may span a junction with fewer than this many bases on one side. However, every junction involved in spliced alignments is supported by at least one read with this many bases on each side.
Splice mism atches	The maximum number of mismatches that may appear in the anchor region of a spliced alignment.
Read mism atches	Final read alignments having more than these many mismatches are discarded.
Segm ent mism atches	Read segments are mapped independently, allowing up to this many mismatches in each segment alignment.
Solex a 1.3 quals	As of the Illumina GA pipeline version 1.3, quality scores are encoded in Phred-scaled base-64. Use this option for FASTQ files from pipeline 1.3 or later.
Bowti e version	specifies which Bowtie version should be used.
Bowti e -n mode	TopHat uses -v in Bowtie for initial read mapping (the default), but with this option, -n is used instead. Read segments are always mapped using -v option.
Bowti e tool path	The path to the Bowtie external tool.
SAMt ools tool path	The path to the SAMtools tool. Note that the tool is available in the UGENE External Tool Package.
TopH at tool path	The path to the TopHat external tool in UGENE.

Temporary directory	The directory for temporary files.
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Choose these parameters and click the Next button. The next page allows one to configure Cufflinks settings:



The following parameters are available:

Reference annotation	Tells Cufflinks to use the supplied reference annotation to estimate isoform expression. Cufflinks will not assemble novel transcripts and the program will ignore alignments not structurally compatible with any reference transcript.
RABT annotation	Tells Cufflinks to use the supplied reference annotation to guide Reference Annotation Based Transcript (RABT) assembly. Reference transcripts will be tiled with faux-reads to provide additional information in assembly. Output will include all reference transcripts as well as any novel genes and isoforms that are assembled.
Library type	Specifies RNA-seq protocol.
Mask file	Ignore all reads that could have come from transcripts in this file. It is recommended to include any annotated rRNA, mitochondrial transcripts other abundant transcripts you wish to ignore in your analysis in this file. Due to variable efficiency of mRNA enrichment methods and rRNA depletion kits, masking these transcripts often improves the overall robustness of transcript abundance estimates.
Multi-read	Tells Cufflinks to do an initial estimation procedure to more accurately weight reads mapping to multiple locations in the genome.

d corr ect	
Min isof orm frac tion	After calculating isoform abundance for a gene, Cufflinks filters out transcripts that it believes are very low abundance, because isoforms expressed at extremely low levels often cannot reliably be assembled, and may even be artifacts of incompletely spliced precursors of processed transcripts. This parameter is also used to filter out introns that have far fewer spliced alignments supporting them.
Fra g bias corr ect	Providing Cufflinks with a multifasta file via this option instructs it to run the bias detection and correction algorithm which can significantly improve accuracy of transcript abundance estimates.
Pre- mR NA frac tion	Some RNA-Seq protocols produce a significant amount of reads that originate from incompletely spliced transcripts, and these reads can confound the assembly of fully spliced mRNAs. Cufflinks uses this parameter to filter out alignments that lie within the intronic intervals implied by the spliced alignments. The minimum depth of coverage in the intronic region covered by the alignment is divided by the number of spliced reads, and if the result is lower than this parameter value, the intronic alignments are ignored.
Cuff link s tool path	The path to the Cufflinks external tool in UGENE.
Te mpo rary dire ctory	The directory for temporary files.

Configure parameters, if necessary, and click Next. On the next page you may configure Cuffmerge settings:

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Cuffmerge settings

Parameters

Minimum isoform fraction

0.05000

Reference annotation

...

Reference sequence

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Additional

Hide additional parameters

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Cuffcompare tool path

default

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Cuffmerge tool path

default

...

Temporary directory

default

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Defaults

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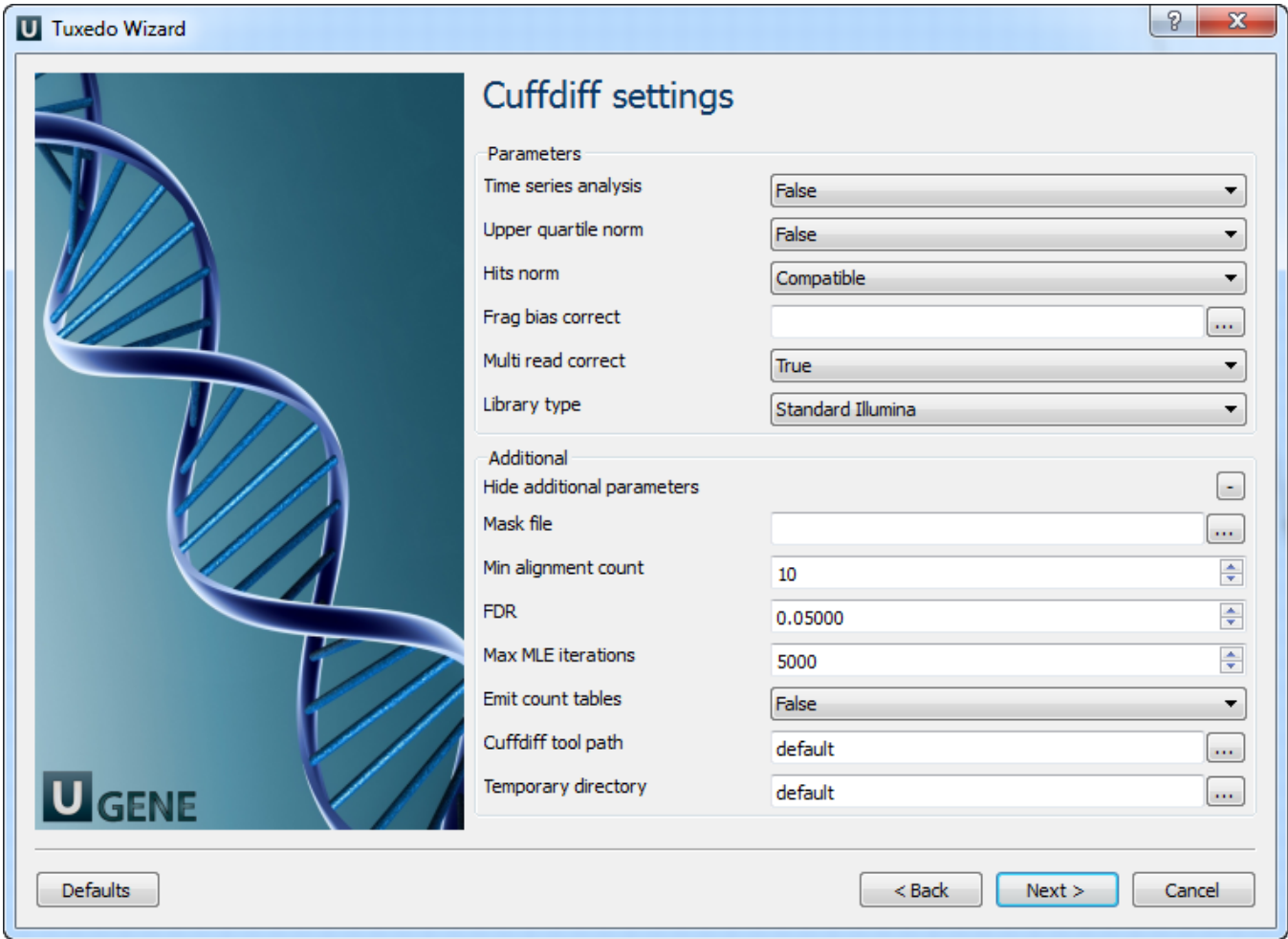
Next >

Cancel

The following parameters are available:

Minimum isoform fraction	Discard isoforms with abundance below this.
Reference annotation	Merge the input assemblies together with this reference annotation.
Reference sequence	The genomic DNA sequences for the reference. It is used to assist in classifying transfrags and excluding artifacts (e.g. repeats). For example, transcripts consisting mostly of lower-case bases are classified as repeats.
Cuffcompare tool path	The path to the Cuffcompare external tool in UGENE.
Cuffmerge tool path	The path to the Cuffmerge external tool in UGENE.
Temporary directory	The directory for temporary files.

Configure parameters, if necessary, and click Next. On the next page you may configure Cuffdiff settings:

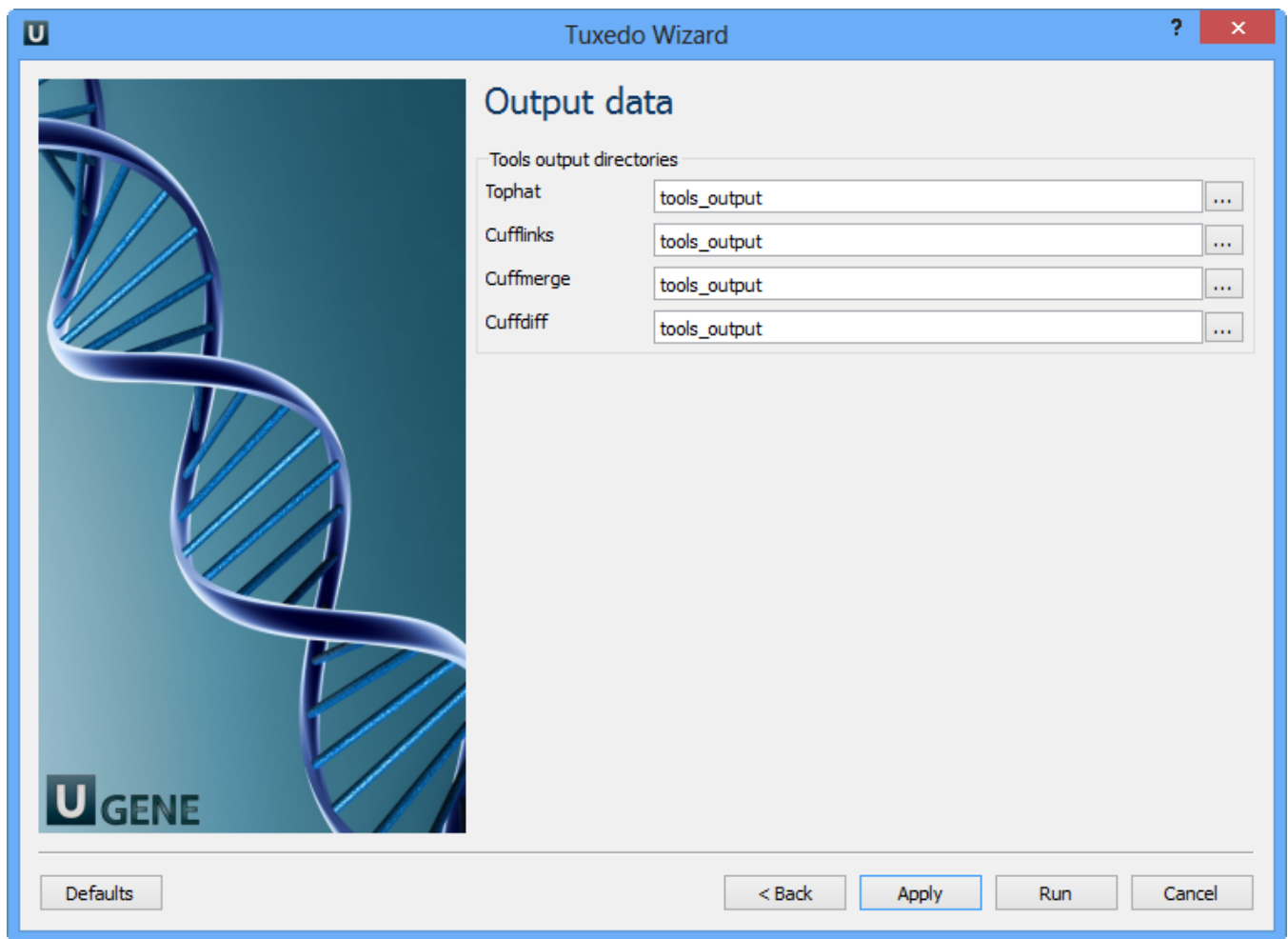


The following parameters are available:

Time series analysis	If set to True, instructs Cuffdiff to analyze the provided samples as a time series, rather than testing for differences between all pairs of samples. Samples should be provided in increasing time order.
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Upper quartile norm	If set to True, normalizes by the upper quartile of the number of fragments mapping to individual loci instead of the total number of sequenced fragments. This can improve robustness of differential expression calls for less abundant genes and transcripts.
Hits norm	Instructs how to count all fragments. Total specifies to count all fragments, including those not compatible with any reference transcript, towards the number of mapped fragments used in the FPKM denominator. Compatible specifies to use only compatible fragments. Selecting Compatible is generally recommended in Cuffdiff to reduce certain types of bias caused by differential amounts of ribosomal reads which can create the impression of falsely differentially expressed genes.
Fragment bias correct	Providing the sequences your reads were mapped to instructs Cuffdiff to run bias detection and correction algorithm which can significantly improve accuracy of transcript abundance estimates.
Multi read correct	Do an initial estimation procedure to more accurately weight reads mapping to multiple locations in the genome.
Library type	Specifies RNA-Seq protocol.
Mask file	Ignore all reads that could have come from transcripts in this file. It is recommended to include any annotated rRNA, mitochondrial transcripts other abundant transcripts you wish to ignore in your analysis in this file. Due to variable efficiency of mRNA enrichment methods and rRNA depletion kits, masking these transcripts often improves the overall robustness of transcript abundance estimates.
Minimum alignment count	The minimum number of alignments in a locus for needed to conduct significance testing on changes in that locus observed between samples. If no testing is performed, changes in the locus are deemed not significant, and the locus' observed changes don't contribute to correction for multiple testing.
FDR	Allowed false discovery rate used in testing.
Maximum iterations	Sets the number of iterations allowed during maximum likelihood estimation of abundances.
Emit count tables	Include information about the fragment counts, fragment count variances, and fitted variance model into the report.
Cuffdiff tool path	The path to the Cuffdiff external tool in UGENE.
Temporary directory	The directory for temporary files.

Configure parameters, if necessary, and click Next. The last page of the wizard appears:



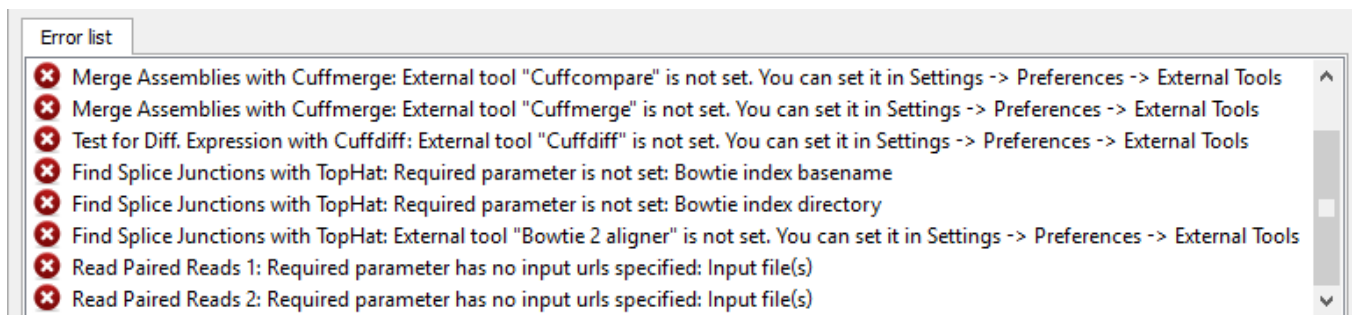
Choose output directories for each tools and click Finish.

Note that default button reverts all parameters to default settings.

Now let's validate and run the workflow. To validate that the workflow is correct and all parameters are set properly click the Validate workflow button on the Workflow Designer toolbar:



If there are some errors, they will be shown in the Error list at the bottom of the Workflow Designer window, for example:



However, if you have set all the required parameters, then there shouldn't be errors. After that you can estimate the workflow. To run estimation click the *Estimate workflow* button:



To run a valid workflow, click the Run workflow button on the Workflow Designer toolbar:



As soon as the variants calling task is finished, a notification and dashboard will appear. The dashboard will contain information about workflow: input and output files, all information about task.



The work on the Tuxedo pipeline was supported by grant RUB1-31097-NO-12 from [NIAID](#).